

Quarterly Crime Statistics (Q1 and Q2 2015)

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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 SECURITY CLASSIFICATION

This document is marked as **UNCLASSIFIED** as there are no sensitive details contained in it and it is expressly written to be circulated both internally and externally.

1.2 DATA INTEGRITY

The statistics, tables and graphs contained in this document are based on substantiated principle offences, which have been actively investigated. This is as opposed to using Event records, which is the initial request from the public or the direct deployment of police resources to deal with something that *may* be recorded as an offence.

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1.3 EXPLANATION OF GRAPHS

The graphs used in this report include standard deviation, which has been used as a means of objectively measuring how much the crime rate has varied over time and is useful in identifying extreme highs and lows of crime. Standard deviation has been used so that where the crime rate is above the red line (2 standard deviation above the mean average), it is considered exceptionally high. Where the crime rate is below the blue line (2 standard deviation below the mean average), it is considered exceptionally high. Where the crime rate is below the blue line (2 standard deviation below the mean average), it is considered exceptionally low. In both cases it can be referred to as statistically significant (high or low) and is an indication of whether the quarterly statistics are exceptionally high or exceptionally low.

<u>1.4 AIM</u>

The aim of this report is to produce accurate, timely, objective information that:

- Enables informed decisions to be made on the types of crime that threaten the safety of the community.
- Is used to proactively manage risks to the island and ensure effective policing, redeploying and directing resources at a strategic and tactical level, as required.
- Facilitates effective and open communication with our stakeholders, developing the means to inform them of the plans, efforts and progress being made by the BPS.
- Provides meaningful information as one of the means of reassuring communities in Bermuda.

1.5 SCHEDULE OF REPORTING

Prior to 2016, crime statistics reports were produced every quarter and they also included drug seizure information. Q1 and Q2 2016 are the first crime statistics reports to be produced at the same time and this is scheduled twice a year. Drug seizure information will be made available in a separate report at the end of the calendar year.

1.5 Executive Summary

In Q1 and Q2 2016, **3** people were murdered (Patrick DILL, Jevon DANIELS and Fiqre CROCKWELL), and **3** people were shot and injured (Kofi DILL, Jahnai BAILEY-HAYWARD and Jhquone CALLABRAS). An investigation was also recorded with 1 offence of conspiracy to murder.

Between Q1 2016 and Q2 2016, All Crime increased by **+16 offences**, from **861** to **877** offences. Despite this slight increase, the medium term trend of crime in Bermuda remains steady, while the long term trend is decreasing. To put this in context, offences for the last 16 quarters (Q3 2012 to Q2 2016) were within a range of 750 to 952, compared to the previous 50 quarters (Q1 2000 to Q2 2012), where there were only 2 quarters with less than 1,000 offences.

A summary of the 3 key crime headings and 20 crime categories for Q2 2016 in comparison to the previous quarter (Q1 2016), the same quarter last year (Q2 2015) and the 5 year trend is shown below in Figure 1:

CRIME CATEGORY	Q2 2016 vs. Q1 2016	Q2 2016 vs. Q2 2015	5 year Trend
CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON			
Murder		1 1	
Manslaughter			
Serious Assaults			
Other Assaults			
Sexual Assault		1	
Robbery		1	
Offences Against Children		1	
Indecency			
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY	1		
Burglary (Residential)			
Burglary (Non Residential)			
Burglary (Tourist Accommodation)		1	
Criminal Damage			
Motor Vehicle Theft			
Theft of Property			
Fraud and Deception			
CRIMES AGAINST THE COMMUNITY			
Firearm Offences	1		
Other Weapon Offences	1		
Disorder Offences			
Anti-Social Behaviour			
Animal Offences			
GRAND TOTAL (ALL CRIME)			

Figure 1: Summary Of All Crime (Q2 2016)

2. ALL CRIME

2.1 SUMMARY

The total for All Crime in Q1 2016 was **861** and in Q2 2016 it was **877**. While All Crime offences increased by **+16** in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016, the long term trend of All Crime is down. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 2, below.

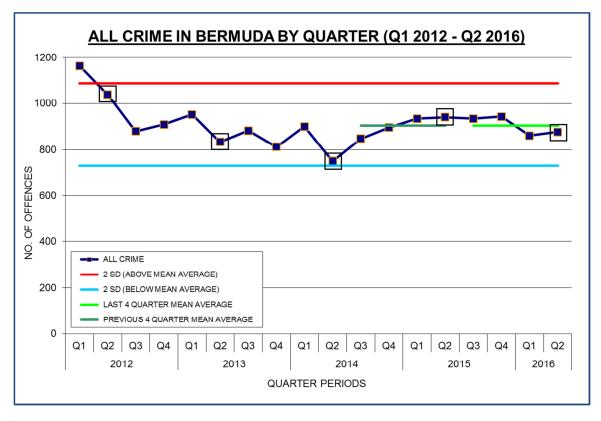
	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
ALL CRIME	940	934	943	861	877	+2%	+16

Figure 2: All Crime (Last 5 Quarter Comparison Q2 2015 - Q2 2016)

2.2 TRENDS

Q1 and Q2 2016 continue the trend of quarterly offence totals being less than 1,000 as has been the case for the last 16 consecutive quarters. This can be seen in Figure 3, which shows All Crime for the last 18 quarters, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

Figure 3: All Crime By Quarters (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)



3. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON

3.1 SUMMARY

The total for Crimes Against The Person in Q1 2016 was **191** and in Q2 2016 it was **177**. While Crimes Against The Person has **decreased** by **-14** offences in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016, the long term trend of Crimes Against The Person remains level. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 4, below.

	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
ALL CRIME	187	181	167	191	177	-7%	-14

Figure 4: Crimes Against the Person (Last 5 Quarter comparison Q2 2015 - Q2 2016)

3.2. TRENDS

A rolling 4 quarter period of Crimes Against The Person offences compared to the previous rolling 4 quarter period shows a slight increase, as can be seen in Figure 5 below. Despite the slight decrease when Q2 2016 is compared to Q1 2016, it is of note that **4** murder/conspiracy to murder offences were recorded in Q2 2016. Sexual offences remain higher than expected, with **14** offences recorded in both Q1 and Q2 2016. Robbery offences totalled **35** in Q1 and Q2 2016, with **11** of these involving the suspect brandishing a firearm. Serious Assault offences are less in both Q1 and Q2 2016 than expected with **13** and **7** respectively. A summary of Crimes Against The Person for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 5, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

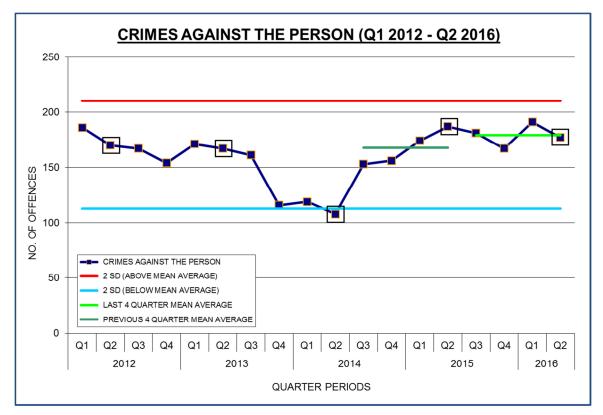


Figure 5: Crimes Against the Person By Quarters (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

4. FIREARM INCIDENTS

Firearm Offences are included within Crimes Against The Community (Section 5); however Firearm Incidents¹ may not necessarily be recorded as offences, as often there is no suspect or even a victim.

4.1 SUMMARY

In Q1 and Q2 2016 there were **19** Firearm Incidents of which **15** were Confirmed Firearm Incidents and **4** were Recoveries of Firearms and/or Ammunition. In comparison to the previous 6 month period of Q3 and Q4 2015, there were **21** Firearm Incidents of which **7** were Confirmed Firearm Incidents and **14** were Recoveries of Firearms and/or Ammunition. A summary of Firearms Incidents for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 6:

FIREARM INCIDENTS IN BERMUDA BY QUARTER (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016) 30 Unconfirmed Firearms Incident 25 Confirmed Firearms Incident 20 FIREARM INCIDENTS PER QUARTER 15 10 5 0 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 2012 2013 2014 2015 2018 QUARTER PERIODS

Figure 6: Firearm Incidents In Bermuda (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

¹ To enable accurate recording, analysis and reporting of firearm incidents, the BPS classifies firearm incidents into 2 categories which are split into **Confirmed** or **Recovery Of A Firearm and Or Ammunition**. A **Confirmed** incident is where a person has been shot (fatally or wounded), a person has been shot at and corroboration is provided by forensic recovery of ballistic material, CCTV footage showing a firearm, reliable witness testimony or a person is charged with a firearms offence connected to the incident, a firearm is used in the commission of a criminal act and corroboration has been obtained, or a report of a firearm discharged and forensic material (bullet casings) have been recovered. A **Recovery Of A Firearm and Or Ammunition** is where a firearm, ammunition or imitation firearm is recovered by police.

4.2 FIREARM TRENDS

In Q1 and Q2 2016, there were **4** incidents where a firearm and/or ammunition was recovered, included **4** rounds of ammunition, **1** bullet head and **1** imitation firearm.

In Q1 and Q2 2016, **2** people were shot and killed by a firearm (Patrick DILL and Fiqre CROCKWELL) and **3** people were shot and injured by a firearm (Kofi DILL, Jahnai BAILEY-HAYWARD an Jhquone CALLABRAS). In Q1 and Q2 2016, **7** people were arrested for firearm offences and **15** people were arrested for murder. The total number of persons shot since Q1 2012 is **41**, of which **13** were fatal shootings. A summary of Firearm Fatalities and Injuries as well as Homicides for the last 18 quarters can be seen Figure 7:

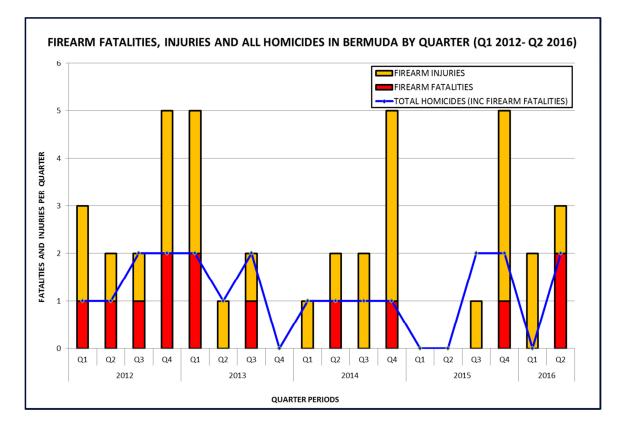


Figure 7: Firearm Injuries and Fatalities And All Homicides (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

5. CRIMES AGAINST THE COMMUNITY

5.1 SUMMARY

The total for Crimes Against The Community in Q1 2016 was **100** and in Q2 2016 it was **113**. While Crimes Against The Community has **increased** by **+13** offences in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016, the long term trend of Crimes Against The Community is slightly down. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 8, below.

	Figure 8: Crimes Aga	ainst The Community	/ (Last 5 C	Duarters C)2 2015 - C	2 2016)
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	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
ALL CRIME	139	125	116	100	113	+13%	+13

5.2 TRENDS

Anti-Social Behaviour continues to be the largest crime category in Crimes Against The Community, with **78** of the **100** offences recorded in Q1 2016 and **81** of the **113** offences recorded in Q2 2016. Of note, there have been **0** Animal offences recorded for the last 3 quarters. A summary of Crimes Against The Community for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 9, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

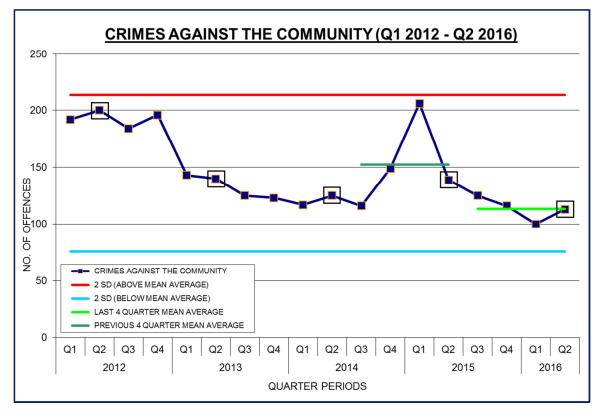


Figure 9: Crimes Against The Community By Quarters (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

6. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY

6.1. SUMMARY

The total for Crimes Against Property in Q1 2016 was **570** and in Q2 2016 it was **587**. While Crimes Against Property has **increased** by **+17** offences in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016, the long term trend of Crimes Against Property crime remains level. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 10, below.

Figure 10: Crimes Against Pro	perty	(Last 5 Quarte	r comparison ()2 2015 - C	2 2016)

	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
ALL CRIME	614	628	660	570	587	+3%	+17

6.2 TRENDS

Crimes Against Property accounts for 2/3^{rds} of All Crime. As a result of this weighting, when Crimes Against Property offences in Q1 and Q2 2016 were less than either Q3 or Q4 2015, the impact was that All Crime offences in Q1 and Q2 2016 were also less compared to either Q3 or Q4 2015. Motor Vehicle Theft was one of the crime categories that decreased when Q1 and Q2 2016 are compared with Q3 and Q4 2015. Burglary continues to account for more than 1 in 5 of All Crime, with **188** offences recorded in both Q1 and Q2 2016. A summary of Crimes Against Property for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 11, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

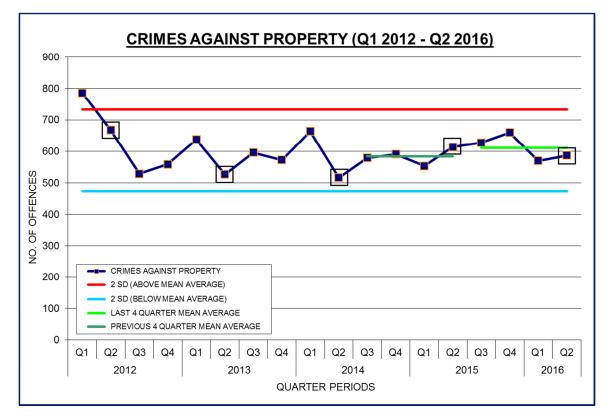


Figure 11: Crimes Against Property By Quarters (Q2 2012 - Q2 2016)

7. TRAFFIC COLLISIONS

7.1 SUMMARY

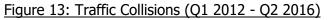
The total for Traffic Collisions in Q1 2016 was **309** and in Q2 2016 it was **389**. While Traffic Collisions have **increased** by **+80** in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016, the long term trend of Traffic Collisions is down. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 12, below.

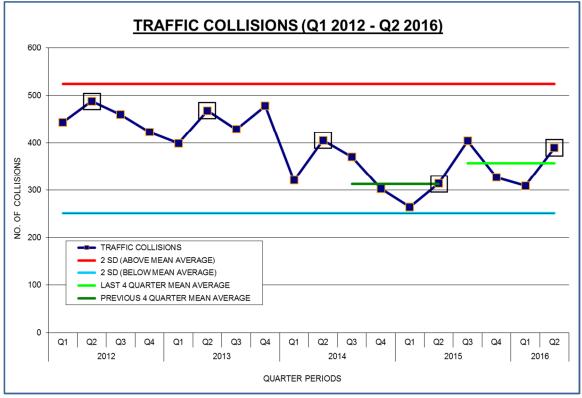
Figure 12: Traffic Collisions ((Last 5 Quarter o	omparison Q2 2015 - Q	2 2016)
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	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
ALL CRIME	314	404	327	309	389	+26%	+80

7.2 TRENDS

Traffic Collisions continue to decrease in the long term. For the last 10 quarters (since Q1 2014), there were 2 quarters that recorded over 400 Traffic Collisions. For the 10 quarters prior to that (Q3 2011 to Q4 2013) 9 quarters recorded over 400 Traffic Collisions, with the 1 exception recording **399** Traffic Collisions (Q1 2013). There were **3** fatalities in Q1 2016 and **3** in Q2 2016. There were **14** Serious Injuries in Q1 2016 and **20** in Q2 2016. There were **111** Slight Injuries in Q1 2016 and **188** in Q2 2016. There were **181** Damage Collisions in Q1 2016 and **178** in Q2 2016. A summary of Traffic Collisions for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 13, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:





8. CALLS FOR SERVICE

Call For Service refers to all police activity that has been recorded.

8.1 SUMMARY

The total for Calls For Service in Q1 2016 was **5,075** and in Q2 2016 it was **5,687**. Calls For Service has **increased** by **+612** in Q2 2016 when compared to Q1 2016. The total for the last 5 quarters can be seen in Figure 14, below.

Figure 14: Calls For Service ((Last 5 C	Juarter com	parison ()2 2015 - C)2 2016)

	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Change
CALLS FOR SERVICE	5262	5703	4677	5075	5687	+12%	+612

8.2 TRENDS

Calls For Service quarterly figures have remained between 4,000 and 6,000 for the last 12 consecutive quarters. This can be seen in Figure 15, which shows Calls For Service for the last 18 quarters, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

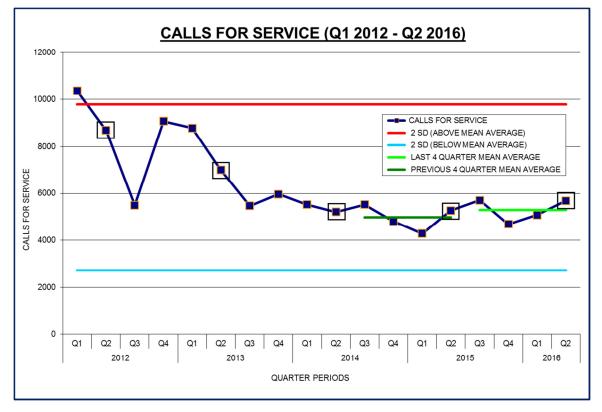


Figure 15: Incidents By Quarters (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

9. ARRESTS - ALL OFFENCES

647

Arrests refer to those persons arrested and brought into police custody.

9.1 SUMMARY

The total for Arrests in Q1 2016 was **625** and in Q2 2016 was **648**. In comparison to Q3 2015 with **672** and Q4 2015 with **672** Arrests, there has been little change. There has been a small increase from Q1 2016 to Q2 2016 of **+23**, as shown below in Figure 16.

		<u>QZ 2010)</u>	1 QZ 2013	compansor			riguic IV. A
Change	% Change	2016	2016	2015	2015	2015	
Change		Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	

672

Figure 16: Arrests (Last 5 Quarter comparison Q2 2015 - Q2 2016)

672

9.2 TRENDS

ARRESTS

Q1 and Q2 2016 continue the trend of arrests remaining stable between **567** and **672**, as has been the case for the last 12 consecutive quarters (since Q3 2013). This can be seen in Figure 17, which shows arrests for the last 18 quarters, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

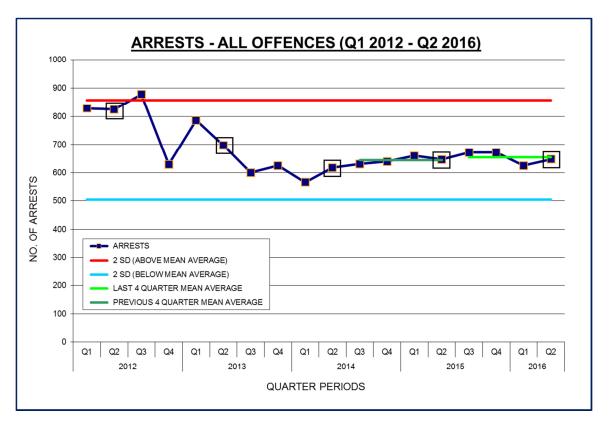
625

648

+4%

+23

Figure 17: Arrests By Quarters (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)



9.3 GENDER

In Q1 2016 there were **510** males and **115** females arrested. In Q2 2016 there were **565** males and **83** females arrested. A breakdown of persons arrested by their gender in Q1 and Q2 2016 can be seen below in Figure 18:

2016 - Arres	ts By Gend	er	
Gender	Q1	Q2	Total
Male	510	565	1075
Female	115	83	198
Total	625	648	1273

Figure 18: Arrests By Gender (Q1 and Q2 2016)

<u>9.4 AGE</u>

In Q1 2016 the largest age group of persons arrested were between the ages of **26 to 35 years** with **177**. In Q2 2016 the largest age group of persons arrested were between the ages of **18 to 25 years** with **180**. A breakdown of persons arrested by their age group in Q1 and Q2 2016 can be seen below in Figure 19:

Figure 19: Arrests By Age Group (Q1 and Q2 2016)

2016 - Arre	2016 - Arrests By Age												
Age Group	Q1	Q2	Total										
Below 18 Years	41	45	86										
18 - 25 Years	151	180	331										
26 - 35 Years	177	155	332										
36 - 45 Years	101	99	200										
46 - 55 Years	91	93	184										
56 - 65 Years	37	46	83										
66+ Years	27	30	57										
Total	625	648	1273										

9.5 NATIONALITY

In Q1 2016 there were **566** Bermudians arrested compared to **47** Foreign Nationals. In Q2 2016 there were **588** Bermudians arrested compared to **42** Foreign Nationals. A breakdown of persons arrested by their Nationality in Q1 and Q2 2016 can be seen below in Figure 20:

Figure 20: Arrests By Nationality (Q1 and Q2 2016)

2016 - Arrests By Nationality												
Nationality	Q1	Q2	Total									
Bermudian	566	588	1154									
Foreign	47	42	89									
Not Stated	12	18	30									
Total	625	648	1273									

9.6 ETHNICITY

In Q1 2016 **529** persons were arrested who were black, **44** who were white and **2** who were Asian. In Q2 2016 **550** persons were arrested who were black, **42** who were white and **4** who were Asian. A breakdown of persons arrested by their Ethnicity in Q1 and Q2 2016 can be seen below in Figure 21:

	2015 - Arrests By Ethnicity													
Ethnicity	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total									
Black	564	552	587	581	2284									
White	55	59	52	53	219									
Asian	5	2	2	7	16									
Black & Other	9	6	5	9	29									
Black & White	6	5	9	9	29									
White & Other	4	4	5	3	16									
Other	17	19	12	10	58									
Total	660	647	672	672	2651									

Figure 21: Arrests By Ethnicity (Q1 and Q2 2016)

9.7 TYPE OF ARREST

In Q1 2016 the most common crime categories for the **625** persons arrested were Drug Offences (Local) (**58**), Impaired Driving (**48**), Other Assaults (**46**), Parking (**43**) and Theft Of Property (**37**). There were **0** arrests for Firearm offences and **1** arrest for Murder.

In Q2 2016 the most common crime categories for the **648** persons arrested were Other Assaults (**64**), Theft Of Property (**63**), Drug Offences (Local) (**63**), Impaired Driving (**50**) and Anti-Social Behaviour (**40**). There were **7** arrests for Firearm offences and **14** arrests for Murder.

A breakdown of the offences persons were arrested for can be seen overleaf in Figure 22:

Figure 22: Arrests By Crime Category (Q1 and Q2 2016
--

2016 Arrests - Breakdown by offence											
	Q1	Q2	2016 TOTAL								
Crimes Against The P	erson										
Murder	1	14	15								
Manslaughter	0	0	0								
Serious Assaults	10	11	21								
Other Assaults	46	64	110								
Sexual Assault	7	5	12								
Robbery	11	2	13								
Offences Against Children	2	6	8								
Indecency	1	3	4								
Crimes Against The Person (TOTAL)	78	105	183								
Crimes Against Prop	erty										
Burglary (residential)	21	24	45								
Burglary (non-residential)	10	6	16								
Burglary (tourist accomodation)	0	0	0								
Criminal Damage	23	9	32								
Motor Vehicle Theft	23	15	38								
Theft of Property	37	63	100								
Fraud and Deception	3	15	18								
Crimes Against Property (TOTAL)	117	132	249								
Crimes Against The Con	nmunity										
Firearms Offences	0	7	7								
Other Weapons Offences	13	10	23								
Disorder Offences	26	27	53								
Anti-Social Behaviour	13	40	53								
Animal Offences	0	0	0								
Crimes Against The Community (TOTAL)	52	84	136								
Drug Enforcement Ac	tivity										
Drug Ofences (Importation)	13	3	16								
Drug Offences (Local)	58	63	121								
Drug Enforcement (TOTAL)	71	66	137								
Traffic Enforcement A	ctivity										
Traffic Offences	0	0	0								
Impaired Driving	48	50	98								
Parking Offences	43	38	N/A								
Marine Offences	0	0	0								
Traffic Enforcement Activity (TOTAL)	91	88	179								
Traffic Offences											
Fatal Collisions	3	0	3								
Serious Injury Collisions	6	3	9								
Other Injury Collisions	0	0	N/A								
Damage Collisions	0	0	N/A								
Traffic Offences (TOTAL)	9	3	12								
Other Offences (type not r	ecorded)										
Other Offences (type not recorded)	401	365	766								

10. STOP AND SEARCHES

10.1 SUMMARY

Stop and Searches are conducted in a proportionate and accountable manner and only when Police Officers have occasion to exercise lawful powers. They are carried out with courtesy, consideration and respect for the individual being stopped. While the figures are not performance indicators, they are a reflection of the frequency of engagement between proactive Police Officers and Prolific Priority Offenders. They provide an indication of police activity, particularly regarding the number of highly visible patrols in the community.

In Q1 2016 there were **164** Stop and Searches and in Q2 2016 there were **261** Stop and Searches , an **increase** of **+97**, as shown below in Figure 23.

	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change	
	Q2	Q2 Q3		Q1	Q2	% Change	Change	
STOP & SEARCH	138	267	158	164	261	+59%	+97	

Figure 23: Stop & Searches (Last 5 Quarter comparison (Q2 2015 to Q2 2016)

A summary of Stop & Searches for the last 18 quarters can be seen in Figure 24, with Q2 figures highlighted in boxes:

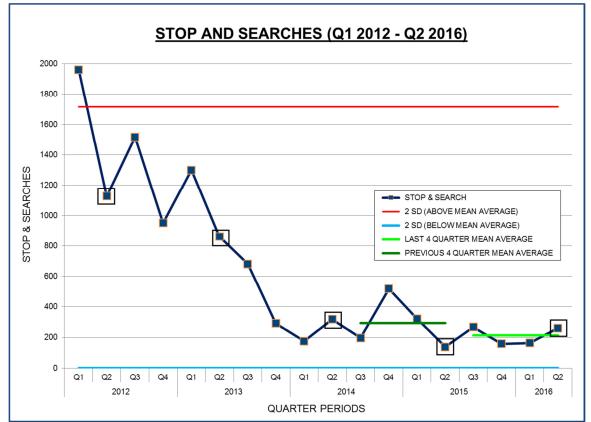


Figure 24: Stop & Searches By Quarter (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

NB. The Lower Standard Deviation is shown as 0 instead of a minus figure

11. PROCEEDS OF CRIME ACT (POCA) SEIZURES

11.1 SUMMARY

POCA seizures totalled **\$10,612,476.96** in Q1 2016 and **\$123,673.52** in Q2 2016.

New legislation was passed in 2014 within Section 36 of the Proceeds of Crime Act 1997, which introduced Civil Recovery Orders. These are dealt with by the Attorney Generals office, in partnership with the Bermuda Police Service and refer to funds from unlawful conduct committed in other jurisdictions, laundered through the banking systems and held in accounts in Bermuda. Civil Recovery Orders are now added to the information in the POCA seizures. The total \$ value of POCA seizures for the last 5 quarters are shown below in Figure 25.

Figure 25: POCA - Total \$ Seizures (Last 5 Quarter comparison Q2 2015 - Q2 2016
--

	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016	% Change	Change
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	% Change	Ghange
TOTAL	\$61,960	\$533,736	\$3,730,318	\$10,612,480	\$123,674	-99%	-\$10,488,806

11.2 TRENDS

The number and \$ value of POCA seizures is variable. Since Civil Recovery Orders were introduced, the have been seizures of **\$3,271,827.18** in Q4 2015, **\$10,426,902.51** in Q1 2016 and **\$0** in Q2 2016. Due to including information on Civil Recovery Orders, a breakdown of all POCA seizures for the last 5 quarters is below in Figure 26:

Figure 26: POCA - Breakdown of no. and \$ value of all seizures (Q2 2015 - Q2 2016)

		2015	2016			
	Q2 Q3 Q4		Q4	Q1	Q2	
No. of Cash & Property Seizure Cases	4	8	11	10	6	
Cash & Property Seizures (under S.50)	\$50,856.50	\$533,736.00	\$77,229.83	\$164,614.00	\$123,673.52	
No. Of Civil Recovery Cases			2	3		
Civil Recovery Orders			\$3,271,827.18	\$10,426,902.51		
Confiscation						
Forfeiture	\$11,103.00		\$381,261.08	\$20,960.45		
TOTAL	\$61,959.50	\$533,736.00	\$3,730,318.09	\$10,612,479.96	\$123,673.52	

Appendix A - Crime Statistics In Bermuda (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

				BERMU	DA POLI	CE SER	VICE - C	RIME S	TATISTI	CS Q1 20	012 - Q2	2016						
		20	12			2013 20			2014			20	2015			16		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Murder	1	1	2	2	2	1	2	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	2	2	0	4
Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Serious Assaults	24	17	14	16	17	10	10	19	16	9	17	19	19	18	14	7	13	7
Other Assaults	131	126	114	112	131	131	116	87	92	80	108	97	128	138	124	124	128	123
Sexual Assault	4	9	7	6	9	5	15	2	2	6	6	16	4	8	10	13	14	14
Robbery	19	15	22	10	9	10	7	7	4	5	7	17	9	10	18	9	20	15
Offences Against Children	2	1	2	2	2	3	5	0	1	3	6	0	8	4	6	7	8	8
Indecency	5	1	6	6	1	7	6	1	3	4	7	6	6	7	7	5	8	6
CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON	186	170	167	154	171	167	161	116	119	108	153	156	174	187	181	167	191	177
Burglary (Residential)	237	183	101	147	143	116	105	115	141	93	92	116	85	99	103	162	135	136
Burglary (Non Residential)	54	38	24	29	21	25	49	49	21	17	21	19	22	43	42	36	50	50
Burglary (Tourist Accommodatio	1	7	4	5	4	0	4	3	0	0	3	1	2	1	4	5	3	2
Criminal Damage	89	81	59	78	74	62	69	70	67	46	53	58	81	92	51	65	65	50
Motor Vehicle Theft	197	163	144	117	163	144	177	164	248	181	212	189	145	190	217	219	175	159
Theft of Property	164	157	136	158	178	147	154	148	157	159	159	161	150	167	173	148	125	167
Fraud and Deception	43	39	61	25	55	33	38	24	30	21	39	47	69	22	38	25	17	23
CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY (T	785	668	529	559	638	527	596	573	664	517	579	591	554	614	628	660	570	587
Firearm Offences	16	4	7	2	5	7	6	3	4	2	4	7	5	9	8	7	3	5
Other Weapon Offences	13	15	11	16	8	8	5	3	9	8	7	12	3	12	9	3	6	8
Disorder Offences	24	29	28	24	21	19	17	18	6	25	16	20	37	29	34	87	13	19
Anti-Social Behaviour	137	151	136	151	105	106	94	92	98	89	89	110	160	89	73	19	78	81
Animal Offences	2	1	2	3	4	0	3	7	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
CRIMES AGAINST THE COMMUN	192	200	184	196	143	140	125	123	117	125	116	149	206	139	125	116	100	113
GRAND TOTAL	1163	1038	880	909	952	834	882	812	900	750	848	896	934	940	934	943	861	877

Appendix B - Traffic Collision Statistics In Bermuda (Q1 2012 - Q2 2016)

BERMUDA POLICE SERVICE - TRAFFIC COLLISIONS Q1 2012- Q2 2016																		
	2012				2013				2014				2015				2016	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2												
Fatal Collisions	1	1	6	1	5	0	3	2	4	2	4	6	3	3	0	1	3	3
Serious Injury Collisions	34	28	41	38	36	35	37	32	31	33	31	28	18	31	34	18	14	20
Slight Injury Collisions	143	204	171	149	130	171	169	181	95	183	169	126	123	133	175	128	111	188
Damage Collisions	266	255	242	235	228	262	220	263	191	187	166	143	121	147	195	180	181	178
TRAFFIC COLLISIONS (TOTAL)	444	488	460	423	399	468	429	478	321	405	370	303	265	314	404	327	309	389



